

## Yr 3 Town v Village

### Key Facts

### By the end of the topic you will learn to:

What are settlements?

Settlements are places where people live and sometimes work. They can be small or large depending on how many people live there and how many facilities there are. Facilities are places where certain things happen, for example, schools for education, parks for playing or shops for selling things.

- Identify different types of settlement
- Plan a journey by road from Manchester to the Peak District (Castleton).
- Undertake fieldwork in the local area/ Manchester.
- Make a map of a route.
- Identifying the main physical/ human features of the area, including land-use.
- Identify the main human and physical features of the contrasting locality – Peak District/ Castleton.
- Compare the human and physical features of Castleton with those of the local area.

**Hamlet**  
A small settlement without a church.



**Village**  
A group of houses in the countryside, sometimes with a church and small shop.



**Town**  
A place where there are lots of houses and shops. A town may have a local council that makes decisions for the people who live there



**City**  
A city is a large urban area where lots of people live close to each other. There are often lots of shops and services in a city



### Key Vocabulary

Settlement	A settlement is a place where people live. It can consist of a single house or a group of homes. Settlements can contain different types of housing, parkland, shops and factories
Urban	An area where a large amount of people live near to each other. Urban areas have lots of buildings and roads
Rural	The countryside
Hamlet	A small settlement without a church
Village	A group of houses in the countryside, sometimes with a church and small shop.
Town	A place where there are lots of houses and shops. A town may have a local council that makes decisions for the people who live there
City	A city is a large urban area where lots of people live close to each other. There are often lots of shops and services in a city
Human features	Features of land that have been impacted by human activity
Physical features	Natural features of land
Map	A map is a picture someone has made of an area
symbol	Pictures or icons.
Key	The key explains what the symbols on a map shows.
Hill	A hill is a landform that is higher than the surrounding area
Mountain	A mountain is a part of Earth that is very wide, is taller than a hill and often has steep sides.
Stream	A stream is a natural flow of water moving across the countryside
Valley	A valley is a lower part in the land, between two higher parts, which might be hills or mountains.
Journey	An act of travelling from one place to another.
Route	A way or course taken in getting from a starting point to a destination.