

Romans

Vocabulary

Invasion	One country attacking another to take it over
Legion	One unit of the Roman army. It could have 4,000-6,000 soldiers in it.
Centurion	The leader of a group of 80-100 soldiers. The word century comes from this
Conquered	A country being overtaken by a Military force
Empire	A large group of countries ruled by one country
Emperor	The leader of an Empire. They rank higher than a King
Slaves	Slaves were mainly prisoners caught in battle. They had very hard lives and worked hard
Amphitheatre	An open circular building for watching sport and entertainment
Mosaic	A picture or pattern made from small pieces of stone or glass

The Roman Empire



Key Facts

The Roman army was the largest and meanest in the Ancient world. They had the best weapons and armour



The Colosseum was a huge amphitheatre built in Rome for entertainment



The Romans used natural spring water to create public baths for people to use



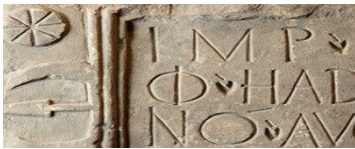
Roman roads were very straight and hard wearing. Some are still in use today!



Julius Caesar is a famous Roman leader who changed the calendar to 365 days and



Romans spoke Latin which is the basis of a lot of our language today



What you will learn by the end of the unit

To place the main events of Ancient Rome on a timeline.
Divide the timeline into centuries and explain what a century is.

Recall your knowledge of life in Ancient Rome.

To explain how the Romans have influenced our lives today.

To find out about Ancient Rome using different historical information.

To investigate life in Ancient Rome and give a short presentation.

Timeline

